

**Discussion
of Angeletos and La'O**

**“INCOMPLETE INFORMATION,
HIGHER-ORDER BELIEFS AND THE INERTIA OF
PRICES IN THE CALVO MODEL”**

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Federal Reserve Board

“Monetary Policy under Imperfect Information”
SNB/JME conference at Study Center Gerzensee
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These comments do not necessarily represent the views of
the Board of Governors or the Federal Reserve System

Ingredients:

- ① Calvo Staggering plus Dispersed Information
(Woodford, 2003)
- ② Nominal GDP is exogenous,
⇒ demand side/ welfare/ policy are given
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⇒ HOE
- ④ HOE are “static”
(aggregate state revealed at end of each period)

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- ⑤ Model variants: Disconnect first-order from HOE

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- Seamless combination of mechanics from Calvo and HOE
- Specification of HOE is part of calibrating persistence
- Interesting dynamics from disconnecting HOE

AGENDA

- 1 Research Agenda
- 2 Common vs Dispersed Signals
- 3 Invariance of Calvo Persistence under HOE

“CALVO MEETS HOE”

Interesting idea:

- **Info frictions are potentially important**
(Woodford, 2003)
- ... but maybe not full story.

⇒ **Retain a bit of Calvo Staggering**
to approximate other frictions

(See companion work for next steps: Welfare, Policy etc.)

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Concern:

- Calibration should fix persistence and trade-off HOE vs frequency of staggering (λ)
- As usual: Beware of free parameters

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e.g. Nimark (2008, JME)**

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1) Uncertainty about Others' Precision

- Divorce first-order from HOE
- Price rigidity even in full info / flex price version due to strategic uncertainty

2) & 3) Beliefs about Others' Bias

- Erroneous belief that other's signals are biased
- Shocks to bias behave like "cost push"

How sensible when priors and entire model
"are common knowledge"?

Does this need Calvo?

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“HOE generate . . .”

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Common signals model:

Info set at morning is noisy signal of spending:

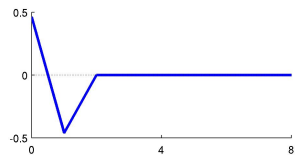
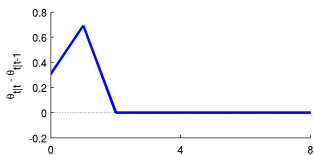
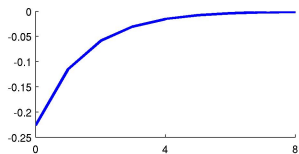
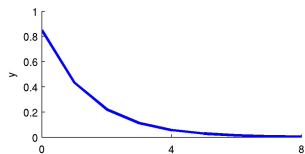
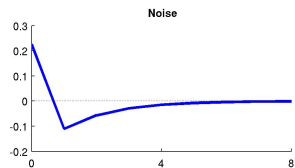
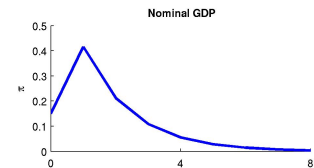
$$I_t = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_t + n_t \\ \theta_{t-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta_t = \theta_{t-1} + v_t \quad v_t, n_t \sim iid$$

$$\frac{1 - \lambda L}{1 - \lambda} p_t = \frac{1 - \beta \lambda}{1 - \beta \lambda F} E \{ (1 - \alpha) \theta_t + \alpha p_t | I_t \}$$

$$y_t = \theta - p_t$$

IRF WITH COMMON SIGNALS



Common Signals

- IRF under firms' measure identical to Calvo
- Persistent forecast errors (morning to morning) of agents "reshape" structural IRF

Dispersed Signals

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In the evening, shocks and IRF observable:

What would econometricians observe in richer model?
(VARs vs unobserved components filter)

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HOE-cum-Calvo Problem

$$p_t = \lambda p_{t-1} + \bar{E}_t (1-\lambda)(1-\beta\lambda) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (\beta\lambda)^k ((1-\alpha)\theta_{t+k} + \alpha p_{t+k})$$

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A&L solution: Undetermined coefficients

$$p_t = c_1 p_{t-1} + c_2 \theta_t + c_3 \theta_{t-1} + \dots$$

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In all four model variants, c_1 same as full-info Calvo:

$$(1 - c_1 L)(1 - \mu F) \cdot \bar{c} = \frac{1 - \lambda L}{1 - \lambda} \frac{1 - \beta \lambda F}{1 - \beta \lambda} - \alpha$$

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Can show: Holds in general as long as $p_{t-1} \in I_{i,t}$
and if p_{t-1} not necessary for forecasting other state variables.

INVARIANCE OF CALVO PERSISTENCE

Proof (Sketch)

$$\left[\frac{1 - \lambda L}{1 - \lambda} \frac{1 - \beta \lambda F}{1 - \beta \lambda} \right] \mathbf{E}_t p_t = (1 - \alpha) \bar{\mathbf{E}}_t \theta_t + \alpha \bar{\mathbf{E}}_t p_t$$

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for Higher Order Wedge since $(\bar{E}_t - E_t) p_{t-1} = 0$
and θ_{t-1} sufficient statistic for $\bar{E}_{t-1} \theta_t$**

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Higher Order Wedge:

$$(\bar{E}_t - E_t) p_t = (1 - \mu F)^{-1} \bar{c}^{-1} \left((1 - \alpha) (\bar{E}_t^2 - \bar{E}_t) \theta_t + \alpha (\bar{E}_t - E_t)^2 p_t \right)$$

“Average first vs Integrate first”

Asset Pricing (Morris/Shin, Bacchetta/van Wincoop)

$$p_t = \bar{E}_t \theta_t + \beta \bar{E}_t p_{t+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{E}_t p_t = \sum \beta^k \bar{E}_t^k \theta_{t+k}$$

Calvo FOC of Firm i

$$p_{it} = (1 - \beta\lambda) E_{it} p_{it}^* + (\beta\lambda) \bar{E}_{it} p_{i,t+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum \beta^k \bar{E}_{it} p_{i,t+k}^* = \sum \beta^k \bar{E}_{it}^k p_{i,t+k}^*$$

- LHS derived from “integrate first, then average”
- RHS is “average first, then integrate”
- Is this “PV identity of expectation” useful?
(Of course, need to consider endogeneity of p_{it}^*)

Key Lessons:

- As usual: Strategic complementarity is key
- Combine features of Calvo with HOE and retain effects from both
- Specification of HOE is part of calibrating persistence
- “Non standard” signal structure disconnects first-order from HOE w/interesting dynamics

My Suggestions:

- ① Delineate HOE against Calvo and Imperfect Info
- ② Punch up HOE variants (Separate paper?)
- ③ Generalize invariance of Calvo persistence (c_1)